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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/642,432	08/15/2003	Richard L. Watson	80191.00034	9875	
7:	590 04/05/2005		EXAMINER		
Cline H. White			NASSER, ROBERT L		
Loeffler Jonas et al 755 E. Mulberry		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Ste. 200		3736			
San Antonio, TX 78212			DATE MAILED: 04/05/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	(1)
	10/642,432	WATSON, RICHARD	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Robert L. Nasser	3736	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	S
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a relif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be seply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) do will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froute, cause the application to become ABANDON	timely filed ays will be considered timely. m the mailing date of this commun IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15	September 2004.		
	nis action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	rance except for formal matters, p	rosecution as to the men	rits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) is/are pending in the applica	tion.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>35,36,40-43,45,47,48 and 50</u> is/are	rejected.		
7) Claim(s) <u>37-39,44,46 and 49</u> is/are objected			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ ad	ccepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•	
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Offic	e Action or form PTO-15	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	•		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	*	ved in this National Stag	е
application from the International Bure			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not receiv	/ea.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summa		
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail 8) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date Patent Application (PTO-152)	ı

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 35, 40-43, 45, 47, 48, and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Rawson. Rawson shows an optical strain gauge with a transmitter that is worn on the body to sense body movements. This would indeed include labor contractions. The examiner notes that the language as to sensing uterine contractions is intended use and is not sufficient to define over identical structure intended for used for a different purpose. The examiner notes that the fiber is embedded in a flexible polymer, adhesively attached to a flexible polymer, or connected in a pouch between two sheets of a flexible polymer. Therefore, the bottom sheet has the attachment surface on the bottom and a second surface on the top, which is adjacent the sensor. The second sheet then is a drape or a cover which overlies the sensor. The system of Rawson further has a power source 38 and wireless transmitter 30. With respect to claim 50, the sensor is removable from the device, it that it is capable of being removed.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 36 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rawson. Rawson teaches that any appropriate means may be used to attach the sensor to the user (see column 8, lines 34-50). The examiner takes official notice that adhesive is an appropriate means.

Claims 37-39, 44, 46, and 49 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be if the claims were rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 37 and 39 define over the art in that none of the art shows a generally elliptical sensor. The examiner notes that applicant makes the sensor elliptical to better conform to the abdomen. Hence, it is more than mere design choice and there is no teaching or suggestion to make the sensor of Rawson generally elliptical. Claim 38 defines over the art in that none of the art has a plurality of surface portions with different shapes, as claimed. Claim 44 defines over the art in that none of the art uses multiple fibers, as claimed. Claim 46 defines over the art of record in that none of the art shows the electronics box in a compartment between the two surfaces of the adhesive pad, as claimed. Claim 49 defines over the art in that none of the art has the electronics box in the pouch, as claimed.

Applicant's arguments filed 9/15/2004 have been considered, but are not deemed to be persuasive.

Applicant has asserted that the Rawson does not identically disclose applicant's invention and the examiner has picked and chosen from different options in the reference. The examiner disagrees. Rawson shows the claimed structure that is used

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for a different purpose. The Federal Circuit has repeatedly established that a new use for an old device must be patented in the form of a method. See In re Schreiber, 42 USPQ2d 1429 (Fed. Cir. 1997)

Applicant has argued that Rawson is unrelated to the disclosure and claims. The examiner admits that Rawson is intended to be used for a different purpose, but notes that it is indeed related to the claims, as both the claims and Rawson disclose the same was of measuring body movements.

Applicant has further asserted that Rawson is incapable of measuring labor contractions, as labor contractions are relatively small movements and Rawson is only for measuring large body movements. Applicant's attention is directed to column 1, lines 59-61, where Rawson specifically discloses its use in measuring even small body movements.

Applicant has further asserted that Rawson is not adaptable to conform to the abdomen of a pregnant female. The examiner notes that the fact that a reference is silent on a feature does not mean that the feature is not present. Rawson has a cloth carrier that is flexible. Clearly, such a carrier is conformable to the abdomen.

Applicant has further argued that the output signal of Rawson is not communicated for monitoring contractions. The examiner disagrees, noting that Rawson teaches sending the output signal to monitor 34 for monitoring.

With respect to claim 41, applicant has argued that the limitation "in use" is inherent in the claim. The examiner disagrees, noting nothing limits that claim as applicant has indicated.

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Applicant has asserted that Rawson only discloses radio transmission and therefore not all of the possibilities recited by the term "wireless" transmission. Ignoring the fact that applicant does not have support for every type of wireless transmission, the examiner notes that the Federal Circuit has clearly established that a species (radio frequency transmission) anticipates a genus (wireless).

With respect to claim 36, applicant has asserted that the attachment means referred to in column 8 of Rawson are not for attaching the device to the body. The examiner directs applicant's attention to column 8, lines 40-41, where it clearly states that it has multiple means for attachment to the body.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert L. Nasser whose telephone number is (571) 272-4731. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, variable hours.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Max Hindenburg can be reached on (571) 272-4726. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Robert L. Nasser Primary Examiner Art Unit 3736

RLN April 1, 2005

PERSON LITTE

Robot & Marson